MARKETING EXCELLENCE 2

Change4Life

Tackling a major public health issue by creating a new brand
The Marketing Society is a not-for-profit organisation owned by its members, with over 2500 senior marketers. Over the past 50 years it has emerged as one of the most influential drivers of marketing in the UK business community.

The Society challenges its members to think differently and to be bolder marketing leaders by supporting the development of leading-edge thinking, and promoting the evidence of effective marketing. The Society does this through the Marketing Society Awards for Excellence; its publications Market Leader, Our Week and rich online Knowledge Zone; a national programme of world-class events; innovative professional development, such as the annual Marketing Leaders Programme; and extensive on-and-offline networking opportunities.

www.marketing-society.org.uk
Foreword

By Roisin Donnelly, President of The Marketing Society

What is marketing excellence?

Marketing excellence can drive breakthrough business results for the short and long term. Marketing excellence requires great strategic thinking, great creative thinking and perfect execution.

But how do we assess *marketing* excellence? First we choose brilliant industry judges who are all experienced and successful practitioners of excellence and we ask them to pick out the cases which they see as remarkable. We ask them to look for two key qualities from our winners: creativity and effectiveness.

But marketing continuously changes and evolves, as consumers become more sophisticated and demanding and the media for communicating with them ever more diverse. So the standards for marketing excellence change and in turn become more demanding.

We believe that The Marketing Society Awards for Excellence in association with *Marketing* set the standard of marketing excellence in the UK. They have established this reputation over a period of more than 25 years, and they have always been based on the principle of searching out the best examples of different marketing techniques in action, that showcase great strategic thinking, great creativity and perfect execution.

In order to be a winner of one of the Society’s Awards, marketers have to demonstrate that what they have done is outstanding in comparison with marketing in all industries not just their own particular sector.

If a marketing story has been good enough to impress our judges, then all marketers can learn from it – however senior they have become. The collection of case histories brought together in this book is the best of the best from the past four years of our Awards, and I am confident that it truly demonstrates *marketing excellence*. I have been truly inspired by these case studies and I hope you will be too.
Change4Life

Tackling a major public health issue by creating a new brand

Snapshot
The Change4Life brand was developed to target childhood obesity and promote a healthier lifestyle and has already made a measurable difference in attitudes and actions.

Key insights

- The Department of Health (DoH) marketing team realised that getting mothers to change the way they raised and nourished their young children would require an enticing carrot rather than a preachy stick.

- The resulting integrated campaign from M&C Saatchi created a new and colourful brand, Change4Life, and a number of flexible sub-brands which local and national partners could use and adapt.

- New products and services were developed to motivate families to change behaviours, while the most at-risk were enrolled in a customer relationship management programme to offer additional support.

Summary
On current trends 90% of adults will be overweight or obese by 2050, putting them at significantly greater risk of ill health and dying early. In response to this, the DoH embarked on an anti-obesity movement. The scale of the task was huge and the DoH did not believe that a traditional government information campaign would achieve this.

Instead, marketing resources were used to inspire and brand a societal movement, Change4Life, in which everyone who could help, including community leaders, teachers, health professionals, charities, leisure centres, retailers and food manufacturers, could play a part. The three-year marketing campaign, which began in January 2009, aims to prevent childhood obesity by helping change the diets and physical activity patterns of children who are at risk of becoming obese.

The campaign goal was for 200,000 families to join this movement in the first twelve months. By the end of the first year well over 413,000 had joined Change4Life.
A ticking time bomb

The rise in childhood obesity is one of the greatest health challenges facing society. Already, 30% of children and 60% of adults are overweight or obese. If the trend is allowed to continue, by 2050 only one in ten of the adult population will be a healthy weight.

Obesity is not a cosmetic issue. Becoming overweight or obese increases an individual’s likelihood of developing (among others) cancer, type 2 diabetes and heart disease, leading to reduced quality of life and, in some cases, lives cut short. The cost to society of obesity-related illness is forecast to reach £50 billion per annum by 2050 at today’s prices. Childhood obesity is particularly worrying, since there is a ‘conveyor belt effect’ whereby the majority of obese children grow up to be obese adults.

Change4Life was set up to combat this (Figure 1). It involved a complex array of issues:
• Creating a segmentation to allow resources to be targeted to those families who most need help.
• Providing insight into why those families behaved as they did.
• Creating a new brand identity.
• Providing ‘products’ (handbooks, questionnaires, wall charts, snack swappers) that families could use to change their behaviours.
• Signposting them to services (such as dance classes, accompanied walks and free swimming) and bringing together a coalition of local, non-governmental and commercial sector organisations to help families change their behaviours.

Figure 1. The new brand
What the department realised was that preventing childhood obesity required fundamental changes to the way families raised and nourished their children: the food they bought, how they prepared it, when and how much they ate, how they travelled and how they spent their leisure time. Expert opinion was that to achieve and maintain a healthy weight, children needed to:

- Reduce their intake of fat, particularly saturated fat (marketed as ‘Cut Back Fat’).
- Reduce their intake of added sugar (‘Sugar Swaps’).
- Eat smaller portion sizes (‘Me-Size Meals’).
- Eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables per day (‘5 A Day’).
- Have three regular mealtimes each day (‘Meal Time’).
- Reduce the number of snacks they eat (‘Snack Check’).
- Do at least 60 minutes of moderate intensity activity during each day (‘60 Active Minutes’).
- Reduce time spent in sedentary activity (‘Up and About’).

(Figures 2a through 2h)

Before the launch of Change4Life, only 16% of mothers claimed that their children exhibited all of these behaviours.

Designing an effective campaign

In its first year, Change4life focused on families with children aged 5-11, especially those (identified via quantitative segmentation) whose self-reported attitudes and behaviours suggested that their children were at increased risk of becoming obese.

While 93% of these families saw childhood obesity as a problem for society, only 5% recognised that
their own children were at risk. Parents viewed weight as a cosmetic rather than a health issue and seldom welcomed government advice on how to raise their children.

Change4Life supported the government’s public service agreement (PSA) target to reduce the proportion of obese children to 2000 levels by 2020. Modelling indicated that, in order to meet the target, 200,000 families would be needed to commit to changing their behaviours through Change4Life by the end of the first year — of whom at least 33,333 families had to stay in the programme for at least six months.

Other published targets for the first year of activity were set, including reach, awareness, response, sign-ups and continued interaction with the programme.

For families to trial and sustain changes to their lifestyles, they needed powerful motivation, coupled with access to services and support. A traditional government information campaign wouldn’t be able to do this. Instead, marketing resources were used to inspire a societal movement, through which everyone who could help, including community leaders, teachers, health professionals, charities, leisure centres, retailers and food manufacturers, could play their part in bringing about change.

**Birth of a new brand**

A new brand, Change4Life, was created by M&C Saatchi (along with a suite of sub-brands, such as Walk4Life, Cook4Life and Play4Life). Change4Life launched to the public in January 2009 with an integrated communications campaign, comprising national advertising and public relations (PR), bus stop posters (Figure 3), supported by a website (including a locally-searchable directory of services) and a helpline.

The Change4Life brand and its sub-brands were made available to local and national partners, so that they could market their own products and services (such as accompanied walks, free swimming, gym sessions, dance classes, new play facilities, healthy school meals, recipe books and cooking classes) within the movement.
Families were invited to join Change4Life. When they joined, they were sent a questionnaire (called *How Are The Kids?*) that asked about a typical day in the life of each child. This enabled Change4Life to send them a personalised action plan with advice for each child (Figure 4).

New products and offers were developed to prompt behaviour change. For example 250,000 ‘snack swapper’ wheels were distributed to help parents negotiate with their children about healthier snacking and seven million free swims were provided by local authorities. 200,000 of the most at-risk families were enrolled in a customer relationship management programme which provided additional continued support.

A significant outcome

The campaign exceeded all published targets, as Table 1 shows.

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<tr>
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<th>Year one target</th>
<th>Year one achievement</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reach (% of all mothers of children under 11 who had an opportunity to see the advertising campaign)</td>
<td>99%</td>
<td>99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Awareness (% of all mothers with children under 11 who recalled seeing the Change4Life advertising)</td>
<td>82%</td>
<td>87%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logo recognition (% of all mothers with children under 11 who recognised the Change4Life logo)</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response to <em>How Are The Kids?</em> (total number of questionnaires returned electronically, by post or from face-to-face marketing)</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>346,609</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total responses (including website visits, telephone calls, returned questionnaires)</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
<td>1,992,456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sign-up (total number of families who joined Change4Life)</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>413,466</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sustained interest (total number of families who were proven to still be interacting with Change4Life six months after joining)</td>
<td>33,333</td>
<td>44,833</td>
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The campaign helped parents make the link between the behaviours that cause excess weight gain and poor health outcomes. For example:

- 85% of mothers agreed that the Change4Life advertising “made me think about my children’s health in the long term”.
- 81% agreed it “made me think about the link between eating healthily and disease”.
- 83% agreed that it “made me think about the link between physical activity and disease”.

Figure 4. Personalised action plan
Brand metrics were strong, especially when it came to being clear, trusted, relevant, adaptable to my lifestyle and supportive, not judgemental.

Getting everyone on board

Change4Life galvanised activity across communities. For example:
• 25,000 community leaders joined Change4Life as local supporters and used Change4Life materials to start conversations with over a million people about their lifestyles.
• 44% of primary schools, children’s centres, hospitals, GP surgeries, town halls, leisure centres and libraries displayed Change4Life materials.
• NHS staff ordered over six million leaflets and posters to distribute to the public.
• 183 national organisations (including Asda, Tesco, Unilever, PepsiCo, Kellogg’s, Nintendo and the Fitness Industry Association) spent their own money marketing Change4Life and supported the movement by, for example, selling bikes at cost, providing money-off fruit and vegetables and funding free exercise sessions.
• Primary schools generated over 50,000 sign-ups to Change4Life and created Change4Life-themed assemblies, lessons and healthy school menus.
• Local authorities and primary care trusts joined the initiative up with their own activities and created new ones, such as street parties and road shows, in support of Change4Life.
• Other government departments synchronised their activity and created new activity under Change4Life sub-brands (such as Swim4Life, Play4Life and MuckIn4Life).
• Three of the main health charities (Cancer Research UK, Diabetes UK and the British Heart Foundation) ran their own campaign in support of Change4Life and other non-governmental organisations, such as Natural England and Sustrans, also supported the campaign.

Changing behaviours

Early results indicated that families were already changing their behaviours. In the tracking study, 30% of mothers who saw the advertising (equating to over a million mothers) claimed to have changed at least one thing in their children’s diets or activity levels as a direct result of Change4Life.

Encouragingly, the number of mothers claiming that their children did all eight of the Change4Life behaviours increased from 16% at the baseline of January 2009 to 20% a year later. This equated to 180,000 more families claiming to do all eight behaviours. The proportion of families claiming to do at least four of the behaviours also increased from 77% to 83%.

While it’s true that mothers may have claimed that their children did behaviours when they didn’t, parental claims were backed up by sales data provided by commercial partners in the case of food-related behaviours:

• BrandScience analysed data from 7,000 households that were both on the SkyView panel and the TNS family food panel. The analysis compared the ratio of purchases between a selection of typically less healthy products (e.g. full-fat milk and cakes) with typically more healthy products (e.g. fruit and vegetables and pasta) for the full year 2009 and the full year 2008. Brand Science found that the ratio of healthy to unhealthy products improved significantly among C2DE families with children.
who had high exposure to the Change4Life advertising campaign. Penetration of healthier products increased by 20% in these households and volume of healthier products increased by 9%.

- dunnhumby analysed actual purchases (using the Tesco Clubcard database) of 10,000 of the families who were most engaged with Change4Life. The analysis compared purchases made at Tesco during September, October and November 2009 with the same three months of 2008 (i.e. pre-Change4Life). To factor out the impact of pricing and sales promotion, dunnhumby created a control group of 10,000 non-Change4Life families who were demographically comparable and whose purchasing in 2008 matched the intervention group. The analysis found a significant difference in the purchasing behaviour of the intervention group relative to the control. Specifically, Change4Life families bought more low-sugar drinks, more low-fat milk, more fruit and vegetables, more dried pasta and fewer cakes relative to the control.

Achieving cost effectiveness

The Central Office of Information’s Artemis tool holds data for 54 government campaigns and enables government departments to assess the cost effectiveness of their activity. As Table 2 shows, How Are The Kids? (HATK) was the most cost-effective response mechanism in government.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>COI Artemis average</th>
<th>COI Artemis forecast for HATKs</th>
<th>HATKs actual</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cost per response</td>
<td>£13</td>
<td>£5</td>
<td>£5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost per active response</td>
<td>£115</td>
<td>£22</td>
<td>£10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost per immediate conversion</td>
<td>£303</td>
<td>£27</td>
<td>£15</td>
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The DoH committed £75 million to the first three years of Change4Life. In addition to the free activity provided by local authorities, the NHS and community groups, the Change4Life movement attracted significant funding from partners such as, for example:

- £1.5 million from other government departments.
- £9 million spent by national partners.
- £12.5 million in free media space for the launch.
- £500,000 in free media with the sponsorship of Channel 4’s The Simpsons.
- £200 million in future commitments by the Business4Life consortium.

Collectively, these gave a return on investment of £2.98 for every £1 spent. But the ultimate return on investment will be experienced in 2050, when children who avoid obesity today do not develop obesity-related illness, such as type 2 diabetes, cancer and heart disease in middle age, potentially saving society £50 billion per annum.
Aviva - 300 Years of Insight

We’re the world’s sixth-largest insurance group and the biggest in the UK, with 46,000 employees that everyday serve 53 million customers worldwide.

We are committed to delivering one distinctive experience for our customers. Wherever they are, we want them each to feel that “no one recognises me like Aviva”. Our global consumer research reveals that most of our competitors are particularly bad at recognising people’s individual significance. This research also tells us that small human touches can make a huge difference to a customer’s experience. Our aim is to make recognition the familiar quality that distinguishes Aviva from our competitors - just as Apple means user-friendliness and FedEx means reliability.

“We know insurance isn’t just about policies’ and pensions; it’s about people. That’s why we’re making our customers the big picture, putting a spotlight on them and our people. Putting customers at the heart of everything not only makes sense for them, it makes good commercial sense too.” (Amanda Mackenzie, Aviva’s chief marketing and communications officer)

We are working hard every day to build the company around what our customers want from us. That’s why Aviva now ranks among the UK’s top ten most valuable brands, according to the 2010 Brand Finance Global 500 survey and that success is something we are looking to replicate across the world.

BT operates in over 170 countries and is one of the world’s leading communications services companies. BT is a major supplier of networked IT services to government departments and multinational companies. It’s the UK’s largest communications service provider to consumer and business markets and is made up primarily of four customer-facing lines of business: BT Retail, BT Global Services, Openreach, and BT Wholesale.

BT operates in a thriving, multi-trillion pound industry that spans the whole world. In recent years the global communications market has been focused on convergence, whereby the boundaries between telcos, IT companies, software businesses, hardware manufacturers and broadcasters have become intertwined to create a new communications industry.

BT has evolved from being a supplier of telephony services to become a leading provider of innovative communications products, services, solutions and entertainment products. BT’s business customers range from multinational, multi-site corporations to SMEs and start-ups.

More than 80 per cent of the FTSE 100 and 40 per cent of Fortune 500 companies rely on BT for networking, applications and system integration. The National Health Service, Procter & Gamble, PepsiCo, BMW, Emirates, Fiat, Microsoft, Philips, and Unilever are just some of the organisations working with BT.

BT has been a driving force behind the success of ‘Broadband Britain’. Thanks to the company’s investment, nearly every home in Britain now has access to broadband and in September 2009, BT announced plans to more than double the availability of its fastest fibre broadband service.
MARKETING EXCELLENCE 2

“A treasure trove of examples covering the whole waterfront, from launching new brands to revitalising, sustaining and extending established ones, and from insights to advertising and sustainability. Whatever your business, it should make you proud to be a marketer, shake up your thinking and inspire you to go the extra mile.”

Professor Patrick Barwise, London Business School, Chairman of Which?

“This exciting book demonstrates how great marketing can solve the most difficult problems, through analysis, teamwork and creativity.

It contains 34 fascinating case studies, selected from hundreds of high quality entries to The Marketing Society Awards for Excellence. Those involved had the determination to win, and the courage to think differently. An inspiring read.”

Professor Hugh Davidson, Co-Founder, Oxford Strategic Marketing

“This is the textbook, the toolkit and the manual for marketing excellence.”

Cilla Snowball, Chairman, AMV BBDO

“These cases are a great source to stimulate your thinking. Some will stimulate new thoughts, some will unlock ideas from the back of your memory. All of them however are great fuel for growth.”

Keith Weed, Chief Marketing and Communication Officer, Unilever

Featuring 34 award-winning case studies from some of the world’s leading brands:

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